Building Accessibility into Fieldwork

#FieldInclusiveWeek, Jan 17th 2024 Aly Putnam & Grace Casselberry

About Us





- Marine ecologists
- University of Massachusetts, Amherst
- Disabled Scientists: invisible chronic illness/disability that affects how we do our fieldwork

Disclaimer:

- There are many different kinds of disability
- Disabilities are dynamic and intersectional
- Our discussion is based on our personal experiences, self education, and learning from others
- This discussion is a starting point and there is still much to learn, even as disabled scientists ourselves



Outline of Presentation

- What is field based research?
- Why accessible field research matters
- What is disability?
- Challenges faced by those with disabilities
- Making accommodations
- Tangible example of creating accessible fieldwork
- Communication, collaboration, training and education



Field Based Research

- A foundational pillar of most natural sciences research
- Highly variable but most involves
 - Outdoors, away from the lab
 - Travel to get there
 - Dealing with uncertainty
- Increasing emphasis on challenges for historically excluded groups

Why accessible fieldwork matters

- Entry point for most natural science fields
- Can be further emphasized in graduate programs
- Outside the sphere of more traditional accommodations
- Disability can occur at any time in life
- 3% of STEM workers, 13% of the population
- 57% of STEM workers with a disability are early to mid career (NSF 23-315)

What is disability?



Not all disabilities are visible, but all are valid.

Learn how to increase accessibility and inclusion in your workplace by visiting <u>www.therisejourney.com/services/deiba-diversity-equity-inclusion</u>

- Many types:
 - Physical
 - Cognitive
 - Visual
 - Auditory
 - Invisible
 - Learning
- Intersecting disabilities
- Disability intersecting with identities
- Disability is dynamic

Models of Disability

- Medical views disability as a medical condition or impairment needing to be "fixed"
- Moral disability is seen as judgement or punishment, that the individual did something wrong to deserve

The Medical Model



Models of Disability

The Social Model



 Social/Cultural - shifts the focus from the individual to society and its structures and considers disability as an aspect of identity and culture



The Social Model: Fieldwork

Adapted from: Disability Advice Service Lambeth



Challenges



- Physical barriers
 - location of fieldwork
 - weather conditions
 - transportation
- Housing accommodations space for all
- Physical accessibility access for all

Challenges



- Communication deafness and auditory processing
- Sensory overstimulation
- Low-vision
- Fatigue and energy expenditure
- Health and safety concerns immunocompromised

Challenges



- Dynamics: changes in disability over time
- Disclosure dilemmas
- Limited awareness and training among team members about disability
- Stigma and bias assumptions about competence and ability

Making Accommodations

- Determine the needs of your field team and those with disability (know that some may not disclose)
- Have a plan (that includes accessibility needs)
- Make the plan available to help individuals prepare and alleviate anxiety
- Be flexible and build flexibility into work where you can
- Modify based on identified needs

Bluetooth enabled walkies that connect to hearing aids or headphones

- Noise canceling earbuds
- Slates/tablets
- Talking tools:
 - Tape measurer
 - Color identifier
 - Reading pen
- Braille notetakers









Toilet accessibility

- Sani can style porta potty
- Stadium guy/gal, Wag bags
- Tampons/pads/sanitary napkins
- Antibacterial wipes and sanitizer
- Privacy screen









- Mobility vehicles and devices
- Portable seating
- Portable table
- Dollys, lifting tools
- Carts







- Shade tents
- Access to cold water/ice for heat intolerance
- Snacks/bars/food/drink items to assist those with blood glucose issues
- Well stocked first aid kit, with:
 - Over the counter medications
 - Diagnostic and other equipment: pulse
 oximeter, blood glucose, AED, blood
 pressure monitor, joint braces



Baqsimi – Nasal Glucagon



Gvoke HypoPen



Tangible Examples: Equipment Repositories for Accessibility (ERA)

- Devitz 2023 -
 - Collection of accessibility tools and gear
 - improve accessibility through no cost (to the user) accessibility/adaptive equipment
- Similar to the **Field Gear Closet that Field Inclusive Inc.** maintains to provide items such as hiking boots or binoculars
- Eases the financial burden of purchasing for the individual



Integrative and Comparative Biology

Integrative and Comparative Biology, volume 63, number 1, pp. 98–107 https://doi.org/10.1093/icb/icad024

Society for Integrative and Comparative Biology

Equipment Repositories for Accessibility: A Model for Improving Access in Field Science

Amy-Charlotte Devitz ¹⁰

Tangible Examples: Equipment Repositories for Accessibility (ERA)

- Work with disabled students and scientists to develop a list of their needs for their success in fieldwork
- Focus on needs rather than diagnoses when selecting equipment to purchase
 - Acquire funding and purchase equipment
 - Long term management:
 - Protocol for checking in and out, upkeep/damage management
 - Continued search for funding

Fig. 2 A flowchart documenting the general process for establishing and maintaining an ERA at a university, beginning w the identification of needs and funding sources, acquiring equipment, overseeing its use and maintenance, and purchasing new equipment as needed.

Anonymous survey to

assess needs

Identify Potential Funding Sources

Acquire Funding and

Purchase Equipment

Share Equipment Through Check-In/Out System

Long Term Management

and Maintenance

Repeat as

Needed

Other Considerations for Building Accessibility

- Disrupt the hustle culture of field work
- Policies of not attending when sick (to protect immunocompromised individuals)
- Accommodations that can provide adequate sleep
- Policies that promotes self care for all members of the team (don't skip lunch, water breaks, etc.)



Other Considerations for Building Accessibility

- Consider your research locations can you do the research somewhere more accessible?
- Virtual field research is real and valid consider using it
- Harness new technologies
 - Spectrogram app
 - Aerial or underwater drones
 - Acoustic release monitoring equipment
- Always be reassessing your protocol and plans for fieldwork



Sketchplanations

Communication between Leadership and Those with Disabilities

- Have a plan be prepared
- Do not wait until the need arises
- Issues of disclosure
- Clear communication from leaders about logistics for the research so one can be fully prepared
- Check in, actively listen, be flexible when given information



Communication with Others

- Communication and training on disability awareness for fieldwork teams
- Communication/open dialogue between those with disability and field teammates
 - Balance of what to share for sake of safety while working
- Including accessibility and health in field safety plans
 - Code of conduct
 - Resources in local field site areas

Why building accessibility into protocol early on is important

- Setting up protocol to be accessible and include disability accommodations:
 - Supports those with disability
 - If someone on team were to develop a disability, the plan is already in place
 - Pre-planned allows for those with disability to not disclose unless they want to or are ready to

Advice for Allies

- Normalize disability in fieldwork all bodies should be able to participate in fieldwork: highlight the work disabled fieldworkers do as standard practice
- Fund disability inclusive fieldwork
- Don't make assumptions about what a disabled person can/cannot do



Advice for Allies

- Be empowering and enabling be creative and responsive when issues come up
- Respect invisible disability
- Include disability in all JEDIA work in your work or academic institution
- Don't make decisions that involve disabled people without their voices being part of the decision making nothing about us without us



Resources

Uncharted: How Scientists Navigate Their Own Health, Research, and Experiences of Bias. Edited by Skylar Bayer and Gabi Serrato Marks.

- Cultivate Project: https://www.cultivate-project.com/
- Devitz 2023: Equipment Repositories for Accessibility: A Model for Improving Access in Field Science
- VR: More Inclusive Fieldwork
- See our provided resource list for even more!!!



Uncharted

How Scientists Naviga

and Experiences of Bi



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10 ways to make fieldwork more inclusive and accessible: a guide for educators.



repared by Dr Lynda Yorke, Dr Simon M. Hutchinson, and Dr Liz Hurrell, with input

SKYLAR BAYER and GABI SERRATO MARKS



Thanks!

Do you have any questions?

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FIELD

INCLUSIVE

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